

Populus ejus

Secunda pars

Psalm 99

Cipriano de Rore (c.1515-1566)

Quintus (part 3 of 5)

Sacrae Cantiones quae dicuntur motecta (Gardano press, Venice, 1595)

3 Po - pu - lus e - jus, et o - ves pa - - - scu - æ e -
 10 jus. In - tro - i - te por -
 15 tas e - jus in con-fes - si - o ne, a - tri - a e - jus in
 20 hym - nis: con - fi - te mi - ni il - li. Lau - da - te no-men
 25 e - jus, lau - da - te no - men e - jus, quo -
 30 ni - am su - a - vis est Do - mi-nus, quo - ni - am su - a - vis est Do - mi -
 35 ni - am su - a - vis est Do - mi -
 40 nus, in æ - ter num mi - se - ri - cor - di - a e - jus, in æ - ter -
 45 nus, in æ - ter num mi - se - ri - cor - di - a e - jus, in æ - ter -
 50 num mi - se - ri - cor - di - a e - jus, et u - sque in ge - ne - ra -
 55 ti - o nem et ge - ne - ra - ti - o nem ve - ri-tas e - jus,
 60 ti - o nem et ge - ne - ra - ti - o nem ve - ri-tas e - jus,
 65 et u - sque in ge - ne - ra - ti - o nem et ge - ne - ra - ti - o nem ve - ri-tas

Populus ejus: Secunda pars (quintus)

2

70

The musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the soprano voice and the bottom staff is for the piano. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats), and the time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The vocal line begins with a sustained note followed by a rest, then continues with eighth-note patterns. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords and sustained notes.

et ge - ne - ra - ti - o - nem ve - ri - tas e - jus.

75